

# Private forest land, preparation for access request : Checklist.

## \*\*PLEASE NOTE\*\*

This document DOES NOT consitute an access agreement and DOES NOT offer, provide or infer any permission to access private land. It is solely a checklist to ensure preparation - before approach to forest owners and/or managers to request access.

WHO IS ACCESS BEING REQUESTED FROM?		Forest owner			
		Forest manager			
		Attention			
WHO IS REQUESTING ACCESS?	Company name		siness type		
**If request is for more than one	Address				
company, please fill out a separate checklist for each company**	Contact person	Email			
	Landline #	Cell #			
**If request is for more than one individual, please fill out main contact here and provide each persons details on a separate sheet and attach to this checklist**	Individual name	Role			
	Address				
	Cell #	<del></del>			
	Drivers licence #	Licence copy provide	d Yes No		
	Vehicle make	Vehicle model			
AULEDE IC ACCECC DEING DEGLIEGTED F					
WHERE IS ACCESS BEING REQUESTED F	UK?	Forest(s)			
WHAT IS ACCESS BEING REQUESTED FO	R?	leason(s)			
HOW LONG IS ACCESS REQUESTED FOR	? Tir	e period# of visits			
	Indica	tive time of visits (weekdays/weekends, time of day)			
ADE VALI DEGLIESTING GATE NEVE LACK	DEDMISSIONS?		Yes		
ARE YOU REQUESTING GATE KEYS LOCK PERMISSIONS?  Yes N					
DO YOU REQUIRE A FOREST OWNER OR	FOREST MANAGER	REPRESENTATIVE TO ACCOMPANY YOU?	Yes No		
DO YOU HAVE THE FOLLOWING MINIMUM INSURANCES?		Public liability \$10mil	Yes No		
		Current, <u>certificate</u> of cover provide	d Yes No		
		Vehicle third party liability \$5mil	Yes No		
		Current, <u>certificate</u> of cover provide	d Yes No		
S YOUR VEHICLE PREPARED?		Current WC	F Yes No		
		Evidence of vehicle WOF provide	d Yes No		
		Current registration	n Yes No		
		Evidence of vehicle registration provide			
		Quick reference emergency procedure displaye			
		First aid kit on board, appropriate for # people preser			
		Min 1 x fire shovel on boar Vehicle fire extinguisher min 0.9kg dry powde			
		Radio communciations device installed/hire			
ARE YOU PREPARED IN THE EVENT OF A	AN EMERGENCY?				
Emergency procedure docume		Yes No Copy provide			
Working alone policy docume		Yes No Copy provide			
·		ellite communication device (such as Garmin InReach).	Yes No		
• • •	ndividuals working se	parately then each person must have one**	Yes No		
Hi vis clothing  **meeting AS/N7S 46	02 Class D D/N N or	906, Class 1,2,3 or NZ Forestry Standard**	Yes		
_		tent/highviz/guidelinesdecember2012_web.pdf			
Steel cap boots	•		Yes No		
Hard hat (orange or dayglo ye	Yes No				
**meeting AS/NZS 1801:1997 Occupational protective helmets, must be <3 years from date of manufacture**					
Handhelp radio comunication	Yes No				



### HAVE YOU MADE CONTACT TO BOOK AN INDUCTION AND REQUEST FOREST OWNER/MANAGER REQUIREMENTS?

Forest owners/managers may require an induction be undertaken, This can take a number of hours and will cover such things as company and forest rules, emergencies, driving behaviour, forest signage, active work sites, radio channels required and communications protocols.

Forest owners/managers may have requirements for access additional to, or at levels above that in this checklist.

#### PLEASE NOTE THE FOLLOWING:

There is NO permission offered, suggested or implied to undertake any of the following (unless negotiated, agreed AND documented with the forest owner, forest manager or owner representative) at any time:

Access land other than the land owned/managed by the party you are contacting for access,

Use motorbikes - including electric motorbikes such as UBCO,

Use ATVs,

Use firearms,

Use chainsaws or other motorised tools,

Smoke, using cooking equipment or start fires,

Camp or stay overnight,

Collect, cut and/or remove firewood or other wood, vegetation or biological material

Dump or place rubbish, foreign matter or vegetation waste on the land,

Damage, modify, remove, interfere with or alter private property - including tree crops, native vegetation, archaeological sites, gates, fences, signs, dams, ponds, bridges, culverts, roads, tracks and skid sites.

#### It is YOUR responsibility to ensure :

This checklist is used as a starting point to prepare documentation,

Contact is initiated with all forest or landowners whose land (if adjoining) you wish to enter to request specific conditions of access and documentation to be provided.

Documents required are prepared and provided up to 20 working days before date of earliest requested access,

Inductions are booked and undertaken,

Permits and gate keys are obtained,

YOU comply with the standards detailed in the Approved Code of Practice for Safety and Health in Forest Operations 2012,

Please DO NOT contact forest owners/managers with short notice and expect they will accommodate you.



# **HAZARDS AND CONTROLS**

The following is a list of the hazards that you may encounter in the forest and suggested controls to put in place to manage them.

Hazard	Potential Harm	Controls
Fire	Burns, property damage.	Do not light any fires and dial 111 if you see any fire. All works are to be done in strict accordance with Nelson /
		Marlborough Forest Industry Working Group Fire Prevention Guidelines for Forestry Operations V1.16.
		Know the days' fire code level: Green, Blue, Yellow, Orange,
		Red or Purple and work to this level. Be aware that code
		levels can change through the day and plan for this.
		Ensure emergency plans are up to date. Wear PPE at all times.
		Practice emergency drills and keep escape routes clear at all
		times. Ensure vehicles can be easily accessed and are facing in
		exit position Follow emergency procedure.
Bees, wasps	Stings, anaphylaxis.	Avoid stopping at or disturbing active hives/nests. Ensure any
		susceptibility to stings is known in advance and required
		medications are readily available.
Bluffs, cliffs, gorges, steep slope,	Fracture,	Have appropriate standard of footwear, select safe routes to
tomos, mineshafts.	concussion,	avoid a fall that could result in serious harm.
	puncture wounds.	
Falling debris from trees.	Fracture,	Wear a safety helmet when in standing trees, identify and
	concussion.	avoid walking under unstable overhead debris. Trees may
		become unstable and unexpectedly fall over during and
		following, rain, wind and fire events.
Forest operations.	Being struck by	Follow all signage that is erected at entry points, along
	machine, material,	roadways especially operations warning and road closure
	exposure to	signs.
	chemicals.	DO NOT enter any active work site without clear verbal permission being received from the workers on site.
		Do not stop to watch operations in progress. Avoid being
		below active skid sites, roads, rock slopes, harvest
		faces, under ropes or below moving machinery.
		If in doubt stop and call up on the radio for assistance and
		authorisation before proceeding.
Poisons	Poisoning	Do not touch any suspicious substances and report location
		immediately to forest owner/manager.
Sharp vegetation and	Puncture wounds.	Wear appropriate Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) : example
stakes.		heavy duty footwear, gloves, gorse chaps and cape.
Slippery surfaces, stumps, rotten	Strains, sprains,	Use suitable foot wear for specific activity type while in the
logs, uneven ground	fractures.	forest. Select safe routes to move across and around.
surfaces, holes in ground.		



Radio blind spots	Missed calls and	Ensure drivers follow Radio Protocols and if in doubt stop until
	vehicle collision.	confirmation is received from other opposing drivers.
Roads	Vehicle accidents.	Forest roads are different! Often gravel or dirt surfaces with sharp camber (road shape or angle) changes in short distances.  Drive to the conditions, lights on dip, keep left, expect to see other vehicles on the road, slow down into corners, drive at a speed where you can stop within half the visible distance safely and obey signs.  Ober signs and use radio for location calling and comms with other vehicles.  Watch out for ruts, holes and do not proceed if unsafe.  On dusty roads stop until clear visibility ahead before proceeding.
Overhead, roadside and roadside	Damage by falling	Do not drive under any overhanging branches or leaning trees
branches/debris.	objects or damage from running over objects.	across the road larger than 100mm. Do not drive over any branch or tree larger than 100mm across the road or on the road surface. The use of chainsaws is ONLY by permission from the forest owner/manager.
Washouts and slips.	Vehicle accident.	Do not proceed through any washout site where the vehicle may become stuck, there is the potential of a fall, the road formation is less than 1.5x the vehicle width, the road is undermined, or the road is unstable or has slips. Exit the site and report immediately on leaving the forest.
Weather conditions.	Hypothermia,	Do not enter the forest in high winds or rain events. Check
	strains, sprains, fractures.	the local weather forecast and weather warnings or access restrictions from the forest owner/manager. Ensure suitable footwear and protective clothing is worn.
Changing site conditions after weather events.		Re-assess ground conditions for access and to ensure safe operating conditions after periods of rain – soil structure can be poor and subject to saturation and failure after rain.  Assess standing trees where existing windthrow is present or where unstable trees have been evident or are evident after wind/rain.  Ensure tension cracking is checked for subsidence/slumping. Do not access or work in/on zones where movement is occurring or likely during or immediately after rainfall.
Loose debris on hill sides	Brusing, fractures, concussion.	Wear correct safety gear. Do not stop near batters or bases of steep slopes
Other Forest users	Vehicle accident, confrontation.	Be courteous of other forest users. Identify your presence and do not take short cuts. Give way to other users and be prepared to suddenly stop.

Limited cellphone reception.	Lack of comms in an	Be prepared for this and have an alternative means of
	emergency.	communication to use in case of emergency
Forest road ford crossings	Flood risk, vehicle	Fords can be subject to significant increase in flow and
J	swept away,	depth during/after rainfall.
	drowning.	Check the local weather forecast and weather warnings or
		access restrictions from the forest owner/manager.
		Do not try to cross ford when water is high or fast flowing.

## Other potential hazards

Other hazards will likely exist and or be discovered as you access a forest – you will need to undertake your own Hazard ID and update this as you go.